Bangladesh & Namibia

+24

Neutral

Relationship index, −100 to +100. Votes and security run from −100 to +100; trade and shared clubs from 0 to 100.

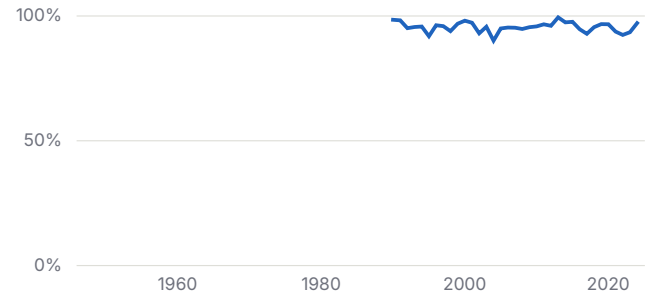
UN votes	+68
Trade	0
Security	0
Shared clubs	0

IN SHORT

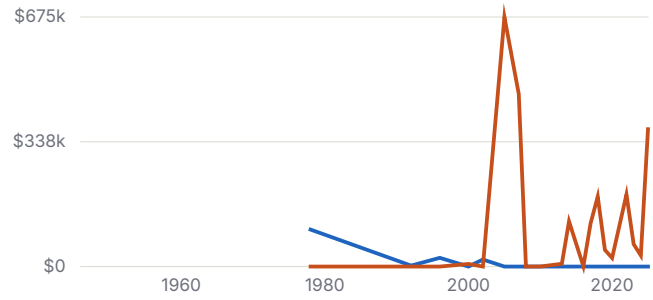
- At the UN their vote agreement is 94% (2022–2024), among the highest either of them has with any country.
- Only part of their trade in goods is on record ($154 thousand a year): the IMF data have no exports from Bangladesh to Namibia in these years, which may mean there were none or that they were not reported.
- In its UN General Debate speeches, Bangladesh names Namibia far more often than the reverse (53 sentences against 0).
- 34 people born in Bangladesh live in Namibia (UN DESA counts place of birth, however long ago they moved).

OVER TIME

Share of recorded UN votes cast the same way



Goods exports each way (US dollars)



Bangladesh sells to Namibia Namibia sells to Bangladesh

VOTES TOPIC BY TOPIC (SINCE 2010)

All roll-call votes	97% (1381 votes)
Disarmament	99% (165 votes)
Middle East	100% (186 votes)
Human rights	93% (240 votes)
Colonialism	98% (93 votes)
Nuclear weapons	98% (190 votes)
Economic development	97% (89 votes)

Bar: since 2010. Mark: all years. Share of roll-call votes on whole texts cast the same way, counted vote by vote; an abstention against a yes counts as a difference. Disarmament, colonialism and economic development count votes up to 2018.

THE FACTS

UN votes	At the UN, the vote agreement of Bangladesh and Namibia was 94% in 2022–2024. For Bangladesh, Namibia is the 45th closest voting partner out of 191; for Namibia, Bangladesh is the 18th closest partner.
Trade	Trade in goods between them averaged $154 thousand a year in 2023–2025: less than 0.1% of all Bangladesh's trade and less than 0.1% of Namibia's.
Words	Since 1946, Bangladesh has named Namibia in 53 sentences of its General Debate speeches; Namibia has named Bangladesh in 0.
Security	No armed conflict between the two governments is recorded since 1946 (UCDP, data to 2025).
People	34 people born in Bangladesh live in Namibia (2024, UN DESA).

HOW SURE WE ARE

UN votes	**High**	259 shared votes on whole texts in 2022–2024, the years the headline share covers. With that many, a share is good to about ±6 points.
Trade	**High**	Goods trade is reported in 3 of the 3 years 2023–2025. Goods only, from customs data (IMF); services and energy pipelines are not in it.
Security	**High**	The Uppsala Conflict Data Program covers every state up to 2025. It counts only conflicts with at least 25 battle deaths a year.
Shared clubs	**High**	The list of tracked groups is fixed; membership is checked by hand.
Index	**High**	As sure as the weaker of its two required parts, votes and trade. Security and shared clubs add to it but never make it surer.

SOURCES AND HOW TO CITE

UN votes, speeches, mentions and trade: Nations on Record (UN General Assembly voting data, UN General Debate Corpus, IMF International Trade in Goods). Armed conflict: Uppsala Conflict Data Program, version 26.1. Migration: UN DESA International Migrant Stock 2024. Refugees: UNHCR. Football: international results archive (CC0). Every score follows fixed rules written out on /method; AI never sets a score. Independent and non-commercial; not affiliated with the United Nations.

Cite as

NationsRelations. (2026). Bangladesh & Namibia [scoring rules 0.4 (14 Nov 2026), scores built 2026-11-14]. https://nationsrelations.org/p/bgd-nam

Scan to open the live page