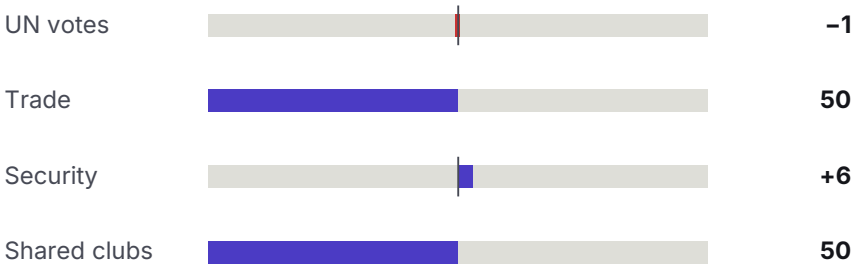
# DR Congo & Namibia

**+19**

**Neutral**

Relationship index, −100 to +100. Votes and security run from −100 to +100; trade and shared clubs from 0 to 100.




## IN SHORT

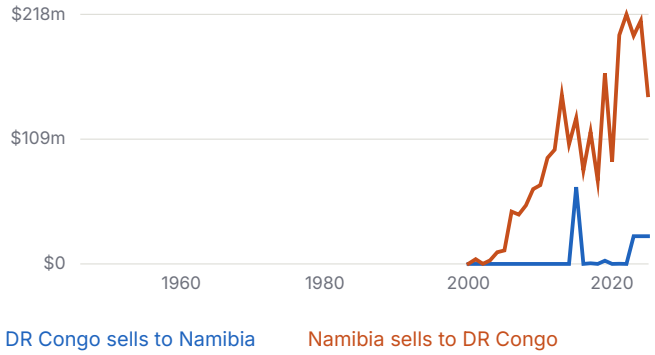
- At the UN their vote agreement is 90% (2022–2024), about average for both of them.
- Trade in goods ($211 million a year) is modest for Namibia, less so for the DR Congo.
- In its UN General Debate speeches, the DR Congo names Namibia far more often than the reverse (116 sentences against 19).
- 4,600 people born in the DR Congo live in Namibia (UN DESA counts place of birth, however long ago they moved). A separate count, by UNHCR: 6,000 refugees and asylum seekers from the DR Congo in Namibia; the two counts measure different things and are not added up.

## OVER TIME

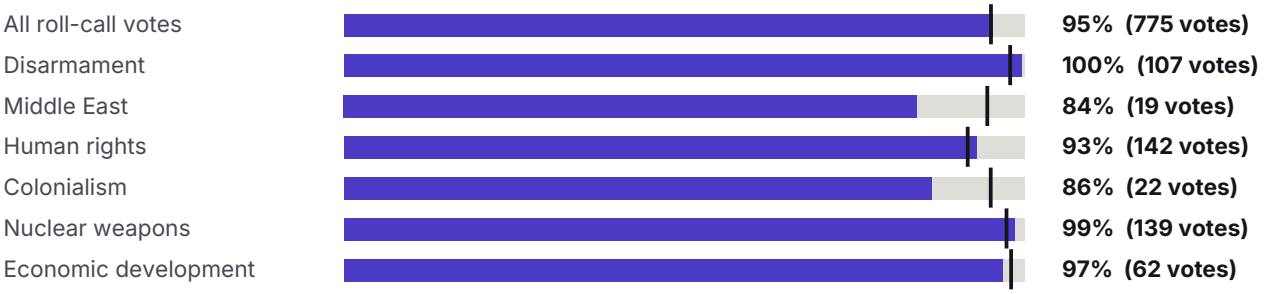
**Share of recorded UN votes cast the same way**




**Goods exports each way (US dollars)**




## VOTES TOPIC BY TOPIC (SINCE 2010)




Bar: since 2010. Mark: all years. Share of roll-call votes on whole texts cast the same way, counted vote by vote; an abstention against a yes counts as a difference. Disarmament, colonialism and economic development count votes up to 2018.

## THE FACTS

| | |
|---|---|
| **UN votes** | At the UN, the vote agreement of the DR Congo and Namibia was 90% in 2022–2024. For the DR Congo, Namibia is the 84th most distant voting partner out of 191; for Namibia, the DR Congo is the 86th closest partner. |
| **Trade** | Trade in goods between them averaged $211 million a year in 2023–2025: 0.5% of all the DR Congo's trade and 1.6% of Namibia's. |
| **Words** | Since 1946, the DR Congo has named Namibia in 116 sentences of its General Debate speeches; Namibia has named the DR Congo in 19. |
| **Security** | No armed conflict between the two governments is recorded since 1946 (UCDP, data to 2025). |
| **People** | 4,600 people born in the DR Congo live in Namibia (2024, UN DESA). |
| **People** | Their national football teams have met 3 times. |

## HOW SURE WE ARE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **UN votes** | **High** | 182 shared votes on whole texts in 2022–2024, the years the headline share covers. With that many, a share is good to about ±7 points. |
| **Trade** | **High** | Goods trade is reported in 3 of the 3 years 2023–2025. Goods only, from customs data (IMF); services and energy pipelines are not in it. |
| **Security** | **High** | The Uppsala Conflict Data Program covers every state up to 2025. It counts only conflicts with at least 25 battle deaths a year. |
| **Shared clubs** | **High** | The list of tracked groups is fixed; membership is checked by hand. |
| **Index** | **High** | As sure as the weaker of its two required parts, votes and trade. Security and shared clubs add to it but never make it surer. |

## SOURCES AND HOW TO CITE

UN votes, speeches, mentions and trade: Nations on Record (UN General Assembly voting data, UN General Debate Corpus, IMF International Trade in Goods). Armed conflict: Uppsala Conflict Data Program, version 26.1. Migration: UN DESA International Migrant Stock 2024. Refugees: UNHCR. Football: international results archive (CC0). Every score follows fixed rules written out on /method; AI never sets a score. Independent and non-commercial; not affiliated with the United Nations.

**Cite as**
NationsRelations. (2026). DR Congo & Namibia [scoring rules 0.4 (14 Nov 2026), scores built 2026-11-14]. https://nationsrelations.org/p/cod-nam

Scan to open the live page