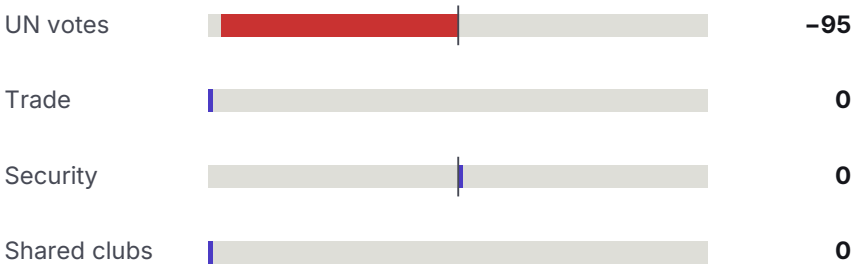
Equatorial Guinea & Israel

−33

Opposed

Relationship index, −100 to +100. Votes and security run from −100 to +100; trade and shared clubs from 0 to 100.

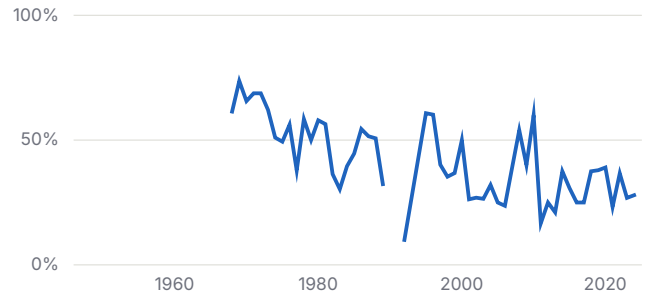


IN SHORT

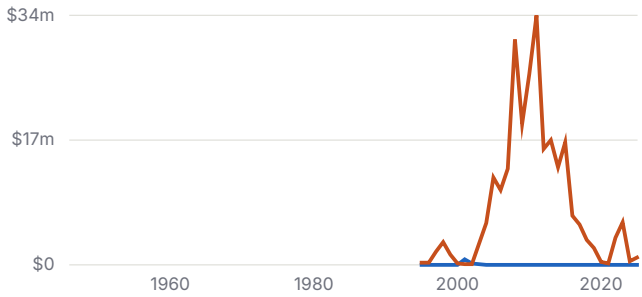
- At the UN their vote agreement is 30% (2022–2024), among the lowest either of them has with any country.
- Only part of their trade in goods is on record ($2.4 million a year): the IMF data have no exports from Equatorial Guinea to Israel in these years, which may mean there were none or that they were not reported.
- In its UN General Debate speeches, Equatorial Guinea names Israel far more often than the reverse (22 sentences against 0).

OVER TIME

Share of recorded UN votes cast the same way



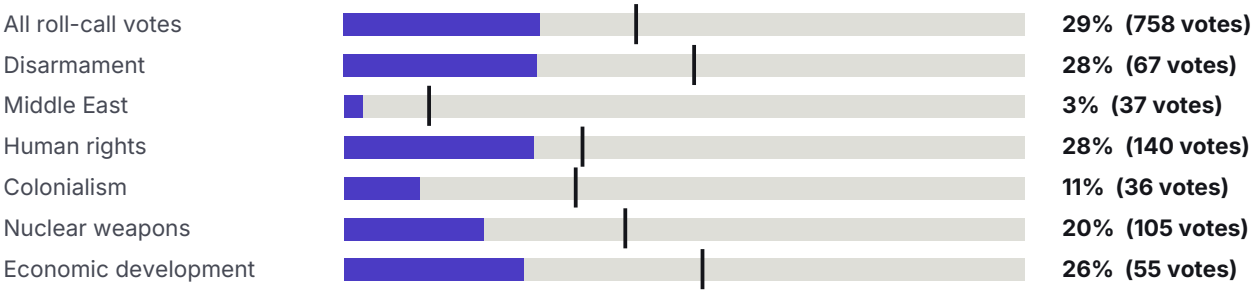
Goods exports each way (US dollars)



Equatorial Guinea sells to Israel Israel sells to Equatorial Guinea

VOTES TOPIC BY TOPIC (SINCE 2010)

Most alike on disarmament (28% of votes the same), furthest apart on Middle East (3%), against 29% on all votes since 2010.



Bar: since 2010. Mark: all years. Share of roll-call votes on whole texts cast the same way, counted vote by vote; an abstention against a yes counts as a difference. Disarmament, colonialism and economic development count votes up to 2018.

THE FACTS

UN votes	At the UN, the vote agreement of Equatorial Guinea and Israel was 30% in 2022–2024. For Equatorial Guinea, Israel is the most distant voting partner out of 191; for Israel, Equatorial Guinea is the 11th most distant partner.
Trade	Trade in goods between them averaged $2.4 million a year in 2023–2025: less than 0.1% of all Equatorial Guinea's trade and less than 0.1% of Israel's.
Words	Since 1946, Equatorial Guinea has named Israel in 22 sentences of its General Debate speeches; Israel has named Equatorial Guinea in 0.
Security	No armed conflict between the two governments is recorded since 1946 (UCDP, data to 2025).

HOW SURE WE ARE

UN votes	**High**	194 shared votes on whole texts in 2022–2024, the years the headline share covers. With that many, a share is good to about ±7 points.
Trade	**High**	Goods trade is reported in 3 of the 3 years 2023–2025. Goods only, from customs data (IMF); services and energy pipelines are not in it.
Security	**High**	The Uppsala Conflict Data Program covers every state up to 2025. It counts only conflicts with at least 25 battle deaths a year.
Shared clubs	**High**	The list of tracked groups is fixed; membership is checked by hand.
Index	**High**	As sure as the weaker of its two required parts, votes and trade. Security and shared clubs add to it but never make it surer.

SOURCES AND HOW TO CITE

UN votes, speeches, mentions and trade: Nations on Record (UN General Assembly voting data, UN General Debate Corpus, IMF International Trade in Goods). Armed conflict: Uppsala Conflict Data Program, version 26.1. Migration: UN DESA International Migrant Stock 2024. Refugees: UNHCR. Football: international results archive (CC0). Every score follows fixed rules written out on /method; AI never sets a score. Independent and non-commercial; not affiliated with the United Nations.

Cite as

NationsRelations. (2026). Equatorial Guinea & Israel [scoring rules 0.4 (14 Nov 2026), scores built 2026-11-14]. https://nationsrelations.org/p/gnq-isr

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