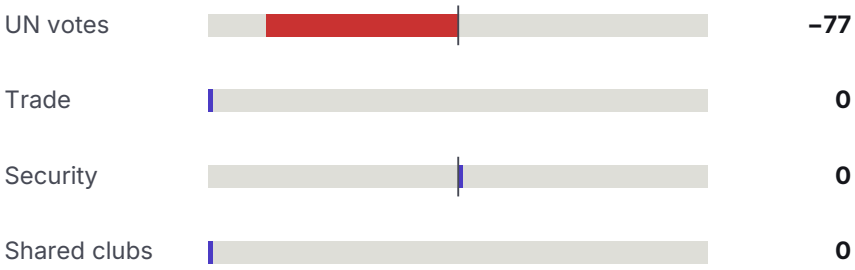
Israel & Lebanon

−27

Distant

Relationship index, −100 to +100. Votes and security run from −100 to +100; trade and shared clubs from 0 to 100.

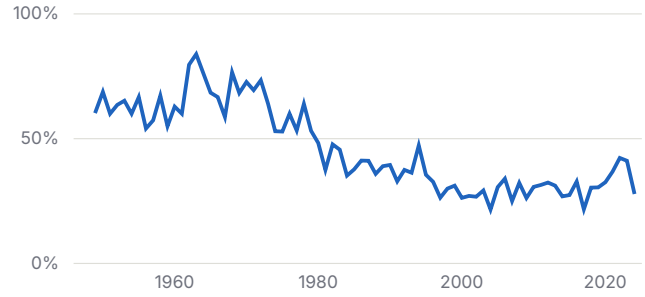


IN SHORT

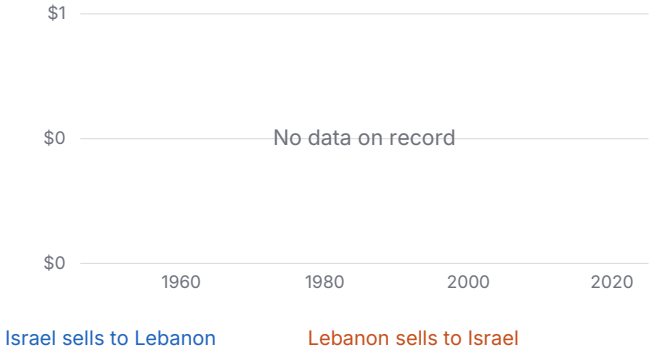
- UCDP records armed conflict over the south of Lebanon between the government of Israel and an armed group based there in 15 years from 1990 to 2025.
- Armed conflict: UCDP records them on opposite sides, as main parties, most recently in 1949.
- At the UN their vote agreement is 37% (2022–2024), among the lowest either of them has with any country.
- They have no recorded trade in goods.
- In its UN General Debate speeches, Lebanon names Israel far more often than the reverse (729 sentences against 201).
- 7,600 people born in Lebanon live in Israel (UN DESA counts place of birth, however long ago they moved).

OVER TIME

Share of recorded UN votes cast the same way

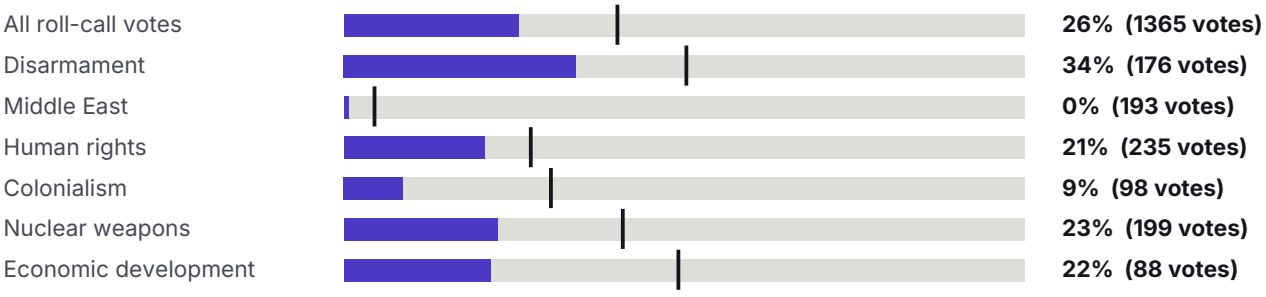


Goods exports each way (US dollars)



VOTES TOPIC BY TOPIC (SINCE 2010)

Most alike on disarmament (34% of votes the same), furthest apart on Middle East (0%), against 26% on all votes since 2010.



Bar: since 2010. Mark: all years. Share of roll-call votes on whole texts cast the same way, counted vote by vote; an abstention against a yes counts as a difference. Disarmament, colonialism and economic development count votes up to 2018.

THE FACTS

UN votes	At the UN, the vote agreement of Israel and Lebanon was 37% in 2022–2024. For Israel, Lebanon is the 45th most distant voting partner out of 191; for Lebanon, Israel is the most distant partner.
Trade	No trade in goods between them is recorded for 2023–2025.
Words	Since 1946, Israel has named Lebanon in 201 sentences of its General Debate speeches; Lebanon has named Israel in 729.
People	7,600 born in Lebanon live in Israel (2024, UN DESA).
People	Their national football teams have met once.
Security	UCDP records armed conflict over the south of Lebanon between the government of Israel and an armed group based there in 15 years from 1990 to 2025. It is not a war between two states, so the security score, which counts only those, leaves it out.

HOW SURE WE ARE

UN votes	**High**	261 shared votes on whole texts in 2022–2024, the years the headline share covers. With that many, a share is good to about ±6 points.
Trade	**Low**	No goods trade is reported for 2023–2025, so the score is 0. The data cannot tell zero trade from trade that was not reported.
Security	**High**	The Uppsala Conflict Data Program covers every state up to 2025. It counts only conflicts with at least 25 battle deaths a year.
Shared clubs	**High**	The list of tracked groups is fixed; membership is checked by hand.
Index	**Low**	As sure as the weaker of its two required parts, votes and trade. Security and shared clubs add to it but never make it surer.

SOURCES AND HOW TO CITE

UN votes, speeches, mentions and trade: Nations on Record (UN General Assembly voting data, UN General Debate Corpus, IMF International Trade in Goods). Armed conflict: Uppsala Conflict Data Program, version 26.1. Migration: UN DESA International Migrant Stock 2024. Refugees: UNHCR. Football: international results archive (CC0). Every score follows fixed rules written out on /method; AI never sets a score. Independent and non-commercial; not affiliated with the United Nations.

Cite as
NationsRelations. (2026). Israel & Lebanon [scoring rules 0.4 (14 Nov 2026), scores built 2026-11-14]. https://nationsrelations.org/p/isr-lbn

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