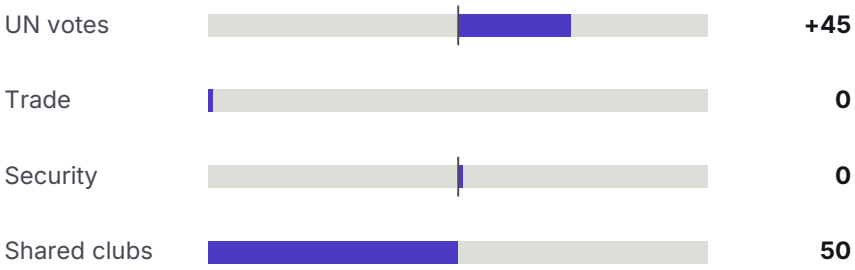
# Libya & Tanzania

**+23**

**Neutral**

Relationship index, −100 to +100. Votes and security run from −100 to +100; trade and shared clubs from 0 to 100.

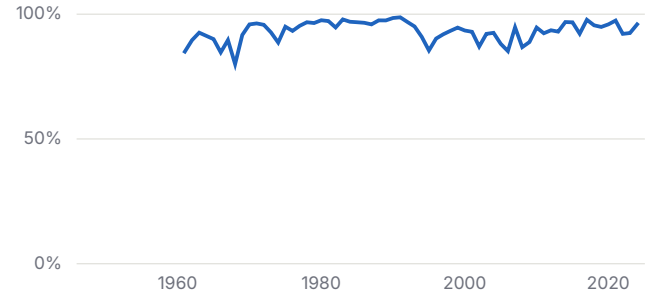



## IN SHORT

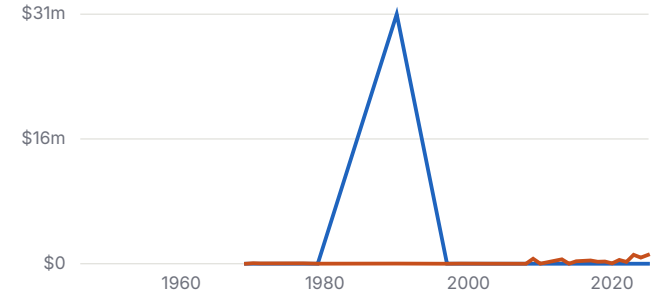
- Armed conflict: UCDP records them on opposite sides of the war in Uganda, each supporting a side, in 1979.
- At the UN their vote agreement is 93% (2022–2024), higher than either of them has with most countries.
- Only part of their trade in goods is on record ($993 thousand a year): the IMF data have no exports from Libya to Tanzania in these years, which may mean there were none or that they were not reported.
- 297 people born in Tanzania live in Libya (UN DESA counts place of birth, however long ago they moved).

## OVER TIME

**Share of recorded UN votes cast the same way**

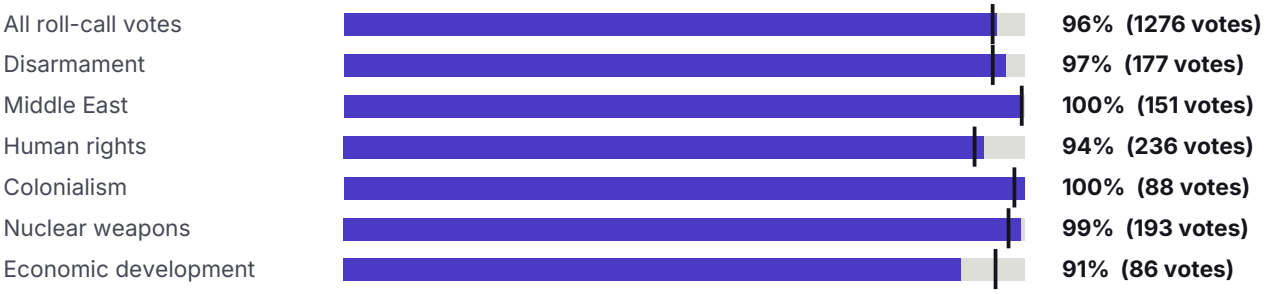



**Goods exports each way (US dollars)**




Libya sells to Tanzania  Tanzania sells to Libya

## VOTES TOPIC BY TOPIC (SINCE 2010)




Bar: since 2010. Mark: all years. Share of roll-call votes on whole texts cast the same way, counted vote by vote; an abstention against a yes counts as a difference. Disarmament, colonialism and economic development count votes up to 2018.

## THE FACTS

| | |
|---|---|
| **UN votes** | At the UN, the vote agreement of Libya and Tanzania was 93% in 2022–2024. For Libya, Tanzania is the 33rd closest voting partner out of 191; for Tanzania, Libya is the 74th closest partner. |
| **Trade** | Trade in goods between them averaged $993 thousand a year in 2023–2025: less than 0.1% of all Libya's trade and less than 0.1% of Tanzania's. |
| **Words** | Since 1946, Libya has named Tanzania in 2 sentences of its General Debate speeches; Tanzania has named Libya in 5. |
| **Security** | The Uppsala Conflict Data Program records them supporting opposite sides of a third party's armed conflict (Uganda, 1979). |
| **People** | 297 born in Tanzania live in Libya (2024, UN DESA). |
| **People** | Their national football teams have met 5 times. |

## HOW SURE WE ARE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **UN votes** | **High** | 224 shared votes on whole texts in 2022–2024, the years the headline share covers. With that many, a share is good to about ±7 points. |
| **Trade** | **High** | Goods trade is reported in 3 of the 3 years 2023–2025. Goods only, from customs data (IMF); services and energy pipelines are not in it. |
| **Security** | **High** | The Uppsala Conflict Data Program covers every state up to 2025. It counts only conflicts with at least 25 battle deaths a year. |
| **Shared clubs** | **High** | The list of tracked groups is fixed; membership is checked by hand. |
| **Index** | **High** | As sure as the weaker of its two required parts, votes and trade. Security and shared clubs add to it but never make it surer. |

## SOURCES AND HOW TO CITE

UN votes, speeches, mentions and trade: Nations on Record (UN General Assembly voting data, UN General Debate Corpus, IMF International Trade in Goods). Armed conflict: Uppsala Conflict Data Program, version 26.1. Migration: UN DESA International Migrant Stock 2024. Refugees: UNHCR. Football: international results archive (CC0). Every score follows fixed rules written out on /method; AI never sets a score. Independent and non-commercial; not affiliated with the United Nations.

**Cite as**
NationsRelations. (2026). Libya & Tanzania [scoring rules 0.4 (14 Nov 2026), scores built 2026-11-14]. https://nationsrelations.org/p/lby-tza

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