# Marshall Islands & Gambia

**−8**

**Distant**

Relationship index, −100 to +100. Votes and security run from −100 to +100; trade and shared clubs from 0 to 100.

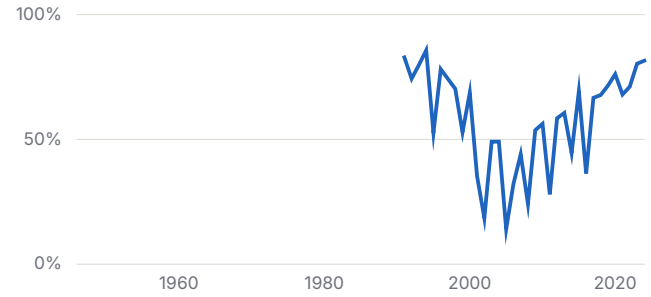
| | |
|---|---|
| UN votes | −23 |
| Trade | 0 |
| Security | 0 |
| Shared clubs | 0 |

## IN SHORT

- At the UN their vote agreement is 78% (2022–2024), lower than either of them has with most countries.
- Only part of their trade in goods is on record ($5 thousand a year): the IMF data have no exports from the Gambia to the Marshall Islands in these years, which may mean there were none or that they were not reported.

## OVER TIME

**Share of recorded UN votes cast the same way**




**Goods exports each way (US dollars)**




Marshall Islands sells to GambiaGambia sells to Marshall Islands

## VOTES TOPIC BY TOPIC (SINCE 2010)

Most alike on disarmament (86% of votes the same), furthest apart on Middle East (7%), against 63% on all votes since 2010.

| | |
|---|---|
| All roll-call votes | 63% (1034 votes) |
| Disarmament | 86% (95 votes) |
| Middle East | 7% (152 votes) |
| Human rights | 26% (180 votes) |
| Colonialism | 45% (64 votes) |
| Nuclear weapons | 77% (136 votes) |
| Economic development | 83% (58 votes) |

Bar: since 2010. Mark: all years. Share of roll-call votes on whole texts cast the same way, counted vote by vote; an abstention against a yes counts as a difference. Disarmament, colonialism and economic development count votes up to 2018.

## THE FACTS

| | |
|---|---|
| **UN votes** | At the UN, the vote agreement of the Marshall Islands and the Gambia was 78% in 2022–2024. For the Marshall Islands, the Gambia is the 89th most distant voting partner out of 191; for the Gambia, the Marshall Islands is the 60th most distant partner. |
| **Trade** | Trade in goods between them averaged $5 thousand a year in 2023–2025: less than 0.1% of all the Marshall Islands' trade and less than 0.1% of the Gambia's. |
| **Words** | Since 1946, the Marshall Islands has named the Gambia in 0 sentences of its General Debate speeches; the Gambia has named the Marshall Islands in 1. |
| **Security** | No armed conflict between the two governments is recorded since 1946 (UCDP, data to 2025). |

## HOW SURE WE ARE

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| **UN votes** | **High** | 210 shared votes on whole texts in 2022–2024, the years the headline share covers. With that many, a share is good to about ±7 points. |
| **Trade** | **Low** | Goods trade is reported in 1 of the 3 years 2023–2025. Goods only, from customs data (IMF); services and energy pipelines are not in it. |
| **Security** | **High** | The Uppsala Conflict Data Program covers every state up to 2025. It counts only conflicts with at least 25 battle deaths a year. |
| **Shared clubs** | **High** | The list of tracked groups is fixed; membership is checked by hand. |
| **Index** | **Low** | As sure as the weaker of its two required parts, votes and trade. Security and shared clubs add to it but never make it surer. |

## SOURCES AND HOW TO CITE

UN votes, speeches, mentions and trade: Nations on Record (UN General Assembly voting data, UN General Debate Corpus, IMF International Trade in Goods). Armed conflict: Uppsala Conflict Data Program, version 26.1. Migration: UN DESA International Migrant Stock 2024. Refugees: UNHCR. Football: international results archive (CC0). Every score follows fixed rules written out on /method; AI never sets a score. Independent and non-commercial; not affiliated with the United Nations.

**Cite as**

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